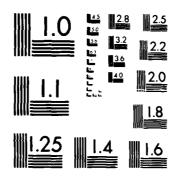
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VETERANS ATTITUDE TRACKING STUDY

CALL RECORD ANALYSIS AND RELATED TECHNICAL ANALYSES



4RBOR, Inc.

The Science Center, 3401 Market Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19104 215-387-5300

### VETERANS ATTITUDE TRACKING STUDY

CALL RECORD ANALYSIS AND RELATED TECHNICAL ANALYSES

January, 1984

Prepared by:

ARBOR, INC.
University City • Science Center
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Prepared for:

Office of Assistant Secretary of Defense Defense Manpower Data Center Rosslyn, Virginia

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### 1.0 OVERVIEW

### 1.1 Purpose

The purpose of the call record analysis and other related analyses discussed in this report are to determine:

- The difficulty of finding eligible respondents and of obtaining completed interviews,
- The representativeness of the obtained sample, and
- Veterans' degree of yeographic mobility/ stability.

### 1.2 Sample

Relevant data on the entire female population and on 37 percent of the male veteran sample packets were obtained.

### 1.3 Method

The Difficulty of Finding Eligible Respondents and Obtaining Completed Interviews. This issue was examined by analyzing the final disposition of attempts to reach target respondents. "Response Rates," which take into account both refusals by potentially eligible respondents and the number of completed interviews, were also computed and examined.

Representativeness of the Obtained Sample. This was examined in two ways. First, "Completion Rates" were calculated. Completion rates take into account not only those individuals who were contacted, but individuals who could not be contacted as well as those who refused to participate in the survey. Second, selected demographic characteristics of the obtained sample and of all members of the initial sampling frame were compared. 1)

The sample definition and specifications can be found in Appendix A. Included in this Appendix are a cover letter from DMDC describing contents of the data file, the file development sheet, the file description, and screening specifications for the prior miltiary service sample. The screening specifications are included in the Appendix. Other materials referenced in the letter are not included because they are not directly relevant to the sample specifications.

The Degree of Geographic Mobility/Stability of the Relevant Veteran Population. This topic was explored by analyzing the telephone numbers and area codes of contacted individuals. To accomplish this, three groups were defined. Those in which the original and final telephone calls were: 1) to the same area code and telephone number, 2) to the same area code but to a different telephone number, and 3) to a different area code and telephone number.

All analyses were performed separately for men and women. Analyses by branch of prior service have also been included where appropriate.

### 1.4 Results

Difficulty of Finding Eligible Respondents and Completing Sample Interviews. The target respondent or someone in his or her household was contacted in 48 percent of the unique telephone numbers dialed for men, and in 50 percent of the cases for women. Seventy-seven percent (7.7%) of all male veterans contacted and 83 percent of all female veterans contacted were eligible to be interviewed.

Among those eligible to be interviewed, 89 percent of the male veterans and 90 percent of the female veterans granted completed interviews. It may be noted that the overall distribution of call results for male and female veterans are highly similar.

Representativeness of the Obtained Sample. The completion rate among male veterans was 66 percent, and among female veterans was 80 percent.

Both the male and female obtained samples differ somewhat from the initial sampling frames in that the former:

- Have more formal education,
- Are more likely to be white,
- Are older, and
- Had a higher pay grade upon separation.

Degree of Geographic Mobility/Stability of the Veteran Population. Eight percent (8%) of the male sample and 12 percent of the female sample were found at a telephone number with a different area code than that associated with the address on the data tape provided by DMDC. Slightly over 75 percent of both the male and female sample were reached at the telephone number associated with the address provided by DMDC.

The results regarding difficulty of finding target respondents, response rates, and representativeness of the obtained sample are highly similar to the results of similar analyses performed in the Reserve Component Attitude Study series. (Data on area codes and telephone numbers were analyzed for the first time this year.)

### 2.0 CALL RECORD ANALYSIS

### 2.1 Sampling and Analysis

The call record analysis is an analysis of the final call results of telephone calls made in the process of collecting data for the 1983 Veterans Attitude Tracking Study.

For this series of analyses, ARBOR, Inc. sampled 37 percent of all male sample packets. Data on the entire population of female veterans were obtained.

Men and women were analyzed separately. (It should be noted, however, that the distributions of call results for the men and women sampled are highly similar.) Men and women from different branches of service were also analyzed separately.  $^{1}$ 

Because results of this series of analyses are based on a sample, the results are subject to sampling fluctuation. Appendix B contains the maximum standard deviation of percentages based on the total number of unique telephone numbers dialed for each of the subsamples analyzed.

### 2.2 Male Veteran Sample

The final call dispositions of the male veterans sampled can be found on the following page. Several highlights of the analysis are listed below:

- Forty-eight percent (48%) of the unique telephone numbers dialed resulted in contact of the target person or someone in his household.
- Of those individuals contacted, 77 percent were eligible to be interviewed. (Individuals who served actively for less than two years, were currently in the Guard/Reserve or Coast Guard, or who had re-enlisted in the Active Military were not eligible to be interviewed.)
- Eighty-nine percent (89%) of the eligible male veterans contacted granted a completed interview.
- Of those respondents contacted, less than one percent initially refused to grant an interview or to complete an interview and completed the survey after a supervisor from the field service interceded.

11,

## CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- MALE VETERANS SAMPLE VATS 1983

	N	% OF NUMBERS DIALED	% OF CONTACTS	% OF POTENTIALLY ELIGIBLE CONTACTS
Blocks analyzed	1,560		• •	
Potential respondents1) Potential respondents not looked up or not	36,558			
called	19,996		••	
Numbers with a specified disposition <sup>2</sup> )	16,562	•-		
Numbers not listed	12,218	• •		
Unique telephone numbers dialed	4,344	100.0%		
(Total dialinys) Unusable numbers Moved No answer	(9,026) 290 701 713	(2.1 ca 6.7 16.1 16.4	alls per numbe  	er)  
Other (busy signal, language barrier, etc.)	575	13.2		
Number of contacts	2,065	47.5	100.0%	
Respondent not eligible Initial hangup Refusal by someone other than potential	204 199	4.7 4.6	9.9 9.6	
respondent	79	1.8	3.8	
Number of contacts of eligible respondents	1,583	36.4	76.7	100.0%
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews Completed interviews Regular completes Converted completes	135 34 1,414 1,396 18	3.1 0.8 32.6 32.1 0.4	6.5 1.6 68.5 67.6 0.9	8.5 2.1 89.3 88.2 1.1

<sup>1)</sup> Estimate based on the ratio of blocks analyzed to available blocks and the number of names in the available blocks.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

### 2.3 Male Veteran Sample by Branch

A comparison of the dispositions of final attempts to reach men from different branches of the service is found on the following page. A more detailed analysis, such as that presented on page 5, of attempts to reach individuals from each branch of the service is available in Appendix D.

As can be seen in the table on the following page, the distributions of final call results for male veterans are highly similar across different service branches.

Some differences may be noted, however. For example, higher percentage of Navy men (49.7 percent) than Army men (44.7 percent) could be contacted. Although several such differences between branches are statistically significant, given the large sample sizes involved, branch of previous service accounts for less than one percent of the variance in even the example cited.

# CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- VETERAN MALE SAMPLE BY BRANCH VATS 1983

	B R A N C H					
	ARMY	NAVY	MARINE CORPS	AIR FORCE		
(BASE)	(1388)	(1152)	(646)	(1158)		
Unique telephone numbers dialed <sup>1</sup> )	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
(Calls per number) Unusable numbers Moved No answer Other (busy signal, language barrier, etc.)	(2.2) 7.4 17.8 14.9	(1.9) 6.3 14.6 17.5	(2.1) 5.6 17.3 16.4	(2.1) 6.8 15.0 17.1		
Number of contacts	44.7	49.7	48.9	48.1		
Respondent not eligible Initial hangup Refusal by someone other than potential	6.6 3.5	3.7 4.0	4.3 5.7	3.5 5.9		
respondent	1,6	1.6	2.2	2.2		
Number of contacts of potentially eligible respondents	33.0	40.4	36.7	36.5		
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews	3.7 0.6	2.6 1.0	2.6 0.9	3.1 0.6		
Completed interviews Regular completes Converted completes	28.6 28.4 0.2	36.7 36.1 0.6	33.1 32.5 0.6	32.8 32.5 0.3		

<sup>1)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

### 2.4 Female Veteran Population

The call results for the female veteran population can be found on the following pages. Some of the key results are summarized below:

- 50 percent of the unique telephone numbers dialed resulted in a contact of the target person or someone in her household.
- Of those female veterans contacted, 83 percent were eligible to be interviewed. (The same eligibility criteria were applied to both men and women.)
- 90 percent of the eligible respondents completed interviews.
- Of those respondents contacted, only one percent initially refused to grant an interview or did not complete interviews and completed the survey after intercession from a supervisor from the field service.

## CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- FEMALE VETERANS POPULATION VATS 1983

		% OF		% OF POTENTIALLY
		NUMBERS	% OF	ELIGIBLE
	<u> </u>	DIALED	CONTACTS	CONTACTS
Numbers looked up1)	9,983			
Numbers not listed or not called	6,634	66.52)		
Unique telephone numbers dialed <sup>3</sup> )	3,349	100.0%		
(Total dialinys)	(7,451)		lls per numb	er)
Unusable numbers Moved	209 512	6.2 15.3		
No answer	248	7.4		
Other (busy signal, language barrier, etc.)	701	20.9	••	
Number of contacts	1,679	50.1	100.0%	
Respondent not eliyible	141	4.2	8.4	
Initial hangup Refusal by someone other than potential	97	2.9	5.8	
respondent	50	1.5	3.0	
Number of contacts of potentially eligible respondents	1,391	41.5	82.8	100.0%
Refusal by potential	-,			20000
respondent	98	2.9	5.8	7.0
Incompleted interviews	35	1.0	2.1	2.5
Completed interviews	1,258	37.6	74.9	90.4
Regular completes	1,237	36.9	73.7	88.9
Converted completes	21	0.6	1.3	1.5

<sup>1)</sup> The disposition of 87 additional call records could not be determined because of misspecified service or sex codes on the original data tape or because of clerical problems.

<sup>2)</sup> Percentage of numbers looked up.

<sup>3)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

### 2.5 Female Veteran Population by Branch

The distributions of final attempts to reach veteran women from different branches of service are highly similar, as were the distributions for veteran men. A comparison of the disposition of unique telephone numbers dialed for women from different branches of the service is found in the table on the following page. A more detailed breakdown of attempts to reach women from each branch of service is available in Appendix D.

# CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- VETERAN FEMALE SAMPLE BY BRANCH VATS 1983

		BRANCH	
	ARMY	NAVY	AIR FORCE
(RASE)	(1269)	(857)	(1223)
Unique telephone numbers dialed1)	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
(Calls per number) Unusable numbers Moved No answer Other (busy signal, language barrier, etc.)	(2.2) 6.5 16.0 5.7 23.1	(2.3) 6.4 14.8 5.8	(2.2) 5.9 14.9 10.3
Number of contacts	48.8	49.2	52.2
Respondent not eligible Initial hangup Refusal by someone other than potential respondent	5.0 3.0	5.1 2.9	2.7 2.8
Number of contacts of potentially eligible respondents	39.6	39.4	45.1
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews Completed interviews Regular completes Converted completes	2.9 0.9 35.7 35.4 0.3	2.8 0.7 35.9 35.1 0.8	3.0 1.4 40.6 39.8 0.8

<sup>1)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

### 3.0 RESPONSE RATES

The response rate provides an indication of the probability of successful completion of the interview upon reaching an eligible respondent. The formula used to calculate response rates 1) can be found in Appendix E. The overall response rate was 90 percent. Indeed, the response rate of each and every subsample exceeded 86 percent. Response rates for all males and for all females, as well as those for males and females from different branches of the service, are shown below.

RESPONSE R	RATES BY SEX
AND BRANCH OF	PRIOR SERVICE
(BASE) <sup>2</sup> )	RESPONSE RATE (IN PERCENT)
1,583	89.3
458	86.7
465	91.0
237	90.3
423	89.8
1,391	90.4
502	90.2
338	91.1
551	90.2
	AND BRANCH OF (BASE) 2)  1,583 458 465 237 423

<sup>1)</sup> The response rate is calculated using the CASRO (Council of American Survey Research Organizations, June, 1982) standard.

<sup>2)</sup> Based on number of eligible respondents contacted.

### 4.0 COMPLETION RATES

Completion rates were calculated to determine the degree to which results from a representative sample of veterans had been obtained. The completion rate takes into account potential respondents who are selected for the survey but who cannot be contacted or who refuse to participate before eligibility is determined. The eligibility rate and the probable refusal/incomplete rates are estimated for those not contacted by applying the rates determined for that segment actually contacted. The detailed formula for computing completion rates is found in Appendix E.

Completion rates for males and females and for individuals from different branches of prior service are found in the table below.

- The overall completion rate for male veterans was 66 percent.
- The overall completion rate for female veterans was 80 percent.

## COMPLETION RATES BY SEX AND BRANCH OF PRIOR SERVICE

## COMPLETION RATES (IN PERCENT)

SAMPLE	
Men	66
Army	67
Navy	66
Marine Corps	65
Air Force	64
POPULATION	
Women	80
Army	84
Navy	83
Air Force	7 4

## 5.0 COMPARISON OF DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE OBTAINED SAMPLE AND THE ORIGINAL SAMPLING FRAME

The representativeness of the VATS sample was also assessed by comparing the profile of the obtained sample with that of the original sampling frame provided by DMDC. The following characteristics were used in the comparison:

- Total Active Military service (TAFMS),
- Highest year of education (HYEC),
- Pay grade upon separation (PG),
- Race,

1-.

- Mental category (MC),
- Age at separation
- Separation date, and
- Time in highest pay grade (TIG).

An analysis of these profiles indicated that the obtained sample does differ from the original sampling frame. The results of the relevant analysis are found on the following page. For both men and women, the obtained sample:

- Has more years of formal education (and has a higher mental category for men), $^{1}$ )
- Is more likely to be white,
- Is older, and
- Had a higher pay grade upon separation.

<sup>1)</sup> Female veterans are not given mental category codes.

## OBTAINED SAMPLE VERSUS THE ORIGINAL SAMPLING FRAME

DEMOGRAPHIC VARIABLE	MALE VETERANS <sup>1</sup> )	FEMALE VETERANS <sup>1</sup> )
Total Active Military Service	No significant difference ( X <sup>2</sup> = 8.5 df = 7)	Longer ( ) 2 = 20.8 df = 5)
Hiyhest Year of Education	<b>Higher</b> (χ <sup>2</sup> = 32.5 df = 5)	Higher ( ½ = 14.3 df = 3)
Pay yrade	Higher ( $\chi$ <sup>2</sup> = 36.2 df = 3)	Higher (χ <sup>2</sup> = 18.4 df = 2)
Race	More white $(\chi^2 = 78.1 \text{ df} = 2)$	More white $(\chi^2 = 33.9 \text{ df} = 1)$
Mental Category	<b>Higher</b> (χ <sup>2</sup> = 66.6 df = 4)	NA
Aye	<b>Older</b> (χ <sup>2</sup> = 40.7 df = 6)	<b>Older</b> (χ <sup>2</sup> = 14.7 df = 5)
Separation Date	No siynificant difference (χ² = 15.5 df = 11)	No significant difference ( x <sup>2</sup> = 16.9 df = 11)
Time in Pay Grade	No significant difference (文 <sup>2</sup> = 6.0 df = 9)	No significant difference (メ <sup>2</sup> = 7.7 df = 8)

<sup>1)</sup> Groupings of variables used in the computation of  $\ ^2$  for male and female veterans can be found in Appendix F.

Among women, but not among men, the obtained sample also served longer actively in the Active Military.

The male and female obtained samples do not differ significantly from the original sampling frames with regard to the length of time separated from active duty or the time spent in highest pay grade.

### 6.0 AREA CODE ANALYSIS

The yeographic stability/mobility of the veteran population was estimated by comparing the area codes and telephone numbers at which respondents were actually interviewed with those obtained initially, based on addresses supplied by DMDC. To analyze area codes and telephone numbers, three categories were defined. These categories are shown in the table below.

### ORIGINAL CALL VERSUS FINAL CALL

	ARE	A CODE	TELEPHONE NUMBER			
	SAME	DIFFERENT	SAME	DIFFERENT		
Category 1	Х		X			
Category 2	X			Χ		
Cateyory 3		X		Х		

The distributions of the area code/telephone numbers by categories for all male and all female veterans, and for veterans from different service branches are found on the following page.

### DISPOSITIONS OF AREA CODES AND TELEPHONE NUMBERS

## MALE SAMPLE

INITIAL VS. FINAL	TOTAL MALE SAMPLE	BRANCH OF SERVICE			
AREA CODE/ TELEPHONE NUMBER		ARMY	NAVY	MARINE CORPS	AIR FORCE
(BASE)	(1761)	(534)	(503)	(265)	(459)
Same area code and number	76.5%	77.5%	72.6%	83.0%	76.0%
Same area code, different number	15.5	16.5	17.3	12.5	14.2
Different area code	8.0	6.0	10.1	4.5	9.8

### FEMALE SAMPLE

INITIAL VS. FINAL	TOTAL	BRA	BRANCH OF SERVICE		
AREA CODE/ TELEPHONE NUMBER	FEMALE SAMPLE	ARMY	NAVY	AIR FORCE	
(BASE)	(1506)	(555)	(372)	(579)	
Same area code and number	78.3%	76.8%	79.8%	78.8%	
Same area code, different number	9.6	10.6	10.0	8.3	
Different area code	12.1	12.6	10.2	12.9	

### Among veteran men:

- Eight percent (8%) were interviewed at a different area code than that associated with the address on the data tape provided by DMDC.
- More than 76 percent of those contacted were found at the same area code and number where they were originally attempted.
- Individuals from the Marine Corps compared to those from the Navy and Air Force were more likely to be found at the same area code and number originally attempted.

#### Amony veteran women:

- Approximately 12 percent were interviewed at a different area code than that associated with the address on the data tape provided by DMDC.
- More than 78 percent were located at the same area code and number where they were originally attempted.
- Women interviewed from different branches of the service did not differ in mobility as estimated from these data.

## APPENDIX A

SAMPLE DEFINITION AND SPECIFICATIONS



## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MANPOWER DATA CENTER

Ser: 83E-383 14 September 1983

#### REPLY TO DMDC

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- D 550 CAMINO EL ESTERO SUITE 200 MONTEREY, CA 93940

Dr. Shel Feldman
Associates for Research in
Behavior, Inc.
The Science Center
34th & Market Streets
Philadelphia, PA 19104

#### Dear Dr. Feldman:

Enclosed is the file development sheet, file description, and screening specifications for the prior military service sample. This sample was drawn from the DoD Enlisted Prior Military Service Address File for the 1983 Wave of the Veterans Attitude Tracking Study (VATS).

The data tape was sent to you from our Monterey, California office on 13 September 1983. You will receive one tape (number 001923, 9 track 1600 BPI) containing seven subfiles. Contents of the file are described below:

	Sample	% of Eligible Population 66.06%	
Males	<u>N</u> 99,673		
Army	27,567	56.79	
Nevy	27,367	58.02	
Marines	17,041	83.50	
Air Force	27,579	79.25	
Females	10,070	100.00%	
Army	3,825	100.00	
Havy	2,243	100.00	
Air Force	4,002	100.00	
Total	109,743	68.19%	

In view of our concerns about the small number of female veterans available for interviewing, please note that the female subfiles are not samples at all, but rather reflect the entire eligible female veteran population. As in previous waves of RCAS, female veterans of the Marine Corps have been excluded due to their rarity in the population.

As we discussed, each subfile is sorted by zip code (in ascending order). Simple random sampling was used to generate samples which are representative of the U.S. veteran population which is eligible for re-enlistment in the Active duty Forces or for service in the Reserves/National Guard. This data tape has been matched to the 1981 and 1982 RCAS data tapes so that replications from previous years' samples could be eliminated from the 1983 sample. In addition, the sample was restricted to those records containing complete name and address information.

Please call me if you have any questions about these data files.

Sincerely,

Vonda & Keplinger Vonda L. Riplinger

Survey and Market Analysis Division

Enclosures

#### VATS FIRST STAGE SAMPLE SELECTION SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. Select all PS individuals, by sex and Service who meet the following criteria:
  - a. Service component = 1 (pos. 49) and
  - b. Reenlistment eligibility = 1 (pos. 54-55) and
  - c. Interservice separation code GE 01 and LE 08 (pos. 39-40) and
  - d. Total active service GE 24 mo. (pos. 10-12) and
  - e. Date of separation 04/80 or later (pos. 41-44) and
  - f. For males only, mental category GT 1 (pos. 26) and
  - g. Individual not included in RCAS samples sent to ARBOR in 1981 or 1982 and
  - h. Record contains complete name and address information in either the primary or secondary fields (pos. 58-156 or pos. 171-235).
- 2. The sampling procedure to be used is simple random sampling by Service for males. Sampling will not be necessary for the female population. Due to their small numbers, the entire eligible PS female population, by Service, is to be selected.
- 3. The sample sizes for males are:

Army - 27,500

Navy - 27,500

USMC - 17,000

Air Force - 27,500

- 4. No geographic stratification is required during (or prior to) the selection.
- 5. After the sample selection is completed, the sample will be sorted by zip code.
- 6. The tape format and information content should be exactly the same as that of the 1982 RCAS tape.

### APPENDIX B

MAXIMUM STANDARD DEVIATIONS OF PERCENTAGES
BASED ON UNIQUE NUMBERS DIALED

# MAXIMUM STANDARD DEVIATION OF A PERCENTAGE BASED ON THE NUMBER OF UNIQUE NUMBERS DIALED

	UNIQUE NUMBERSDIALED	MAXIMUM STANDARD DEVIATION (IN PERCENT)	
Males	4344	0.3	
Army	1388	1.3	
Navy	1152	1.5	
Marine Corps	646	2.0	
Air Force	1158	1.5	
Females	3349	0.9	
Army	1269	1.4	
Havy	857	1.7	
Air Force	1223	1.4	

## APPENDIX C

DEFINITIONS OF CALL RECORD CATEGORIES

## DEFINITIONS OF CALL RECORD CATEGORIES

CATEGORY	ELEMENTS COMPRISING THE CATEGORY
Numbers within speci- fied dispositions	<ul> <li>Not listed numbers</li> <li>Unique telephone numbers dialed, regardless of final disposition</li> </ul>
Unusable numbers	<ul><li>Non-working numbers</li><li>Disconnected numbers</li><li>Business numbers</li></ul>
Moved	<ul> <li>Person on phone says respondent moved and does not have a forwarding number</li> </ul>
No answer	. No answer
Uther	<ul> <li>Busy signal</li> <li>Fast busy signal</li> <li>Respondent not at number given</li> <li>Other (lanyuage barrier, etc.)</li> <li>Callback</li> <li>Referred to other effective number</li> </ul>
Respondent not eligible	<ul> <li>Never in military</li> <li>Currently in military</li> <li>Currently in paid drill status</li> <li>Length of time in military (less than two years)</li> <li>Currently in Coast Guard</li> </ul>
Initial hangup	<ul> <li>Individual hangs up before identifica- tion can be made</li> </ul>
Refusal by someone other than the potential respondent	<ul> <li>Someone other than the potential respondent will not allow interviewer to speak with the potential respondent</li> </ul>
Refusal by potential respondent	<ul> <li>Potential respondent terminates inter- view at some point in the screener</li> </ul>
Incompleted interview	<ul> <li>Potential respondent completes the screener but terminates at some point in the questionnaire itself</li> </ul>
Completed interview	<ul> <li>Respondent completes the interview without incident</li> </ul>
Converted completed	<ul> <li>Intercession by a supervisor was required to obtain a completed inter- view</li> </ul>

## APPENDIX D

DETAILED CALL RESULTS
BY SEX AND BRANCH OF SERVICE

# CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- ARMY MALE SAMPLE VATS 1983

	N	% OF NUMBERS DIALED	% OF E	% OF DTENTIALLY LIGIBLE CONTACTS
Blocks analyzed	438			
Potential respondents <sup>1</sup> ) Potential respondents not looked up or not	10,282			
called	4,619			
Numbers with a specified disposition <sup>2</sup> )	5,663			
Humbers not listed	4,275			
Unique telephone numbers dialed	1,388	100.0%		
(Total dialings) Unusable numbers	(3,025) 103	7.4	alls per number 	·)
Moved No answer Other (busy signal,	247 207	17.8 14.9		
language barrier, etc.)	211	15.2		
Number of contacts	620	44.7	100.0%	~ ~
Respondent not eligible Initial hangup Refusal by someone	92 48	6.6 3.5	14.8 7.7	
other than potential respondent	22	1.6	3.5	
Number of contacts of eligible respondents	458	33.0	73.9	100.0%
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews Completed interviews Regular completes Converted completes	52 9 397 394 3	3.7 0.6 28.6 28.4 0.2	8.4 1.5 64.0 63.5 0.5	11.4 2.0 86.7 86.0 0.7

<sup>1)</sup> Estimate based on the ratio of blocks analyzed to available blocks and the number of names in the available blocks.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

# CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- NAVY MALE SAMPLE VATS 1983

	N	% OF NUMBERS DIALED	% OF	% OF OTENTIALLY ELIGIBLE CONTACTS
Blocks analyzed	461			
Potential respondents1) Potential respondents not looked up or not	10,821	••		
called	6,197			
Numbers with a specified disposition <sup>2</sup> )	4,624			
Numbers not listed	3,472		,	
Unique telephone numbers dialed	1,152	100.05		
(Total dialinys) Unusable numbers	(2,173)		ills per numbe	r)
Moved	72 168	6.3 14.6		
No answer	202	17.5		
Other (busy signal, language barrier, etc.)	138	12.0		
Number of contacts	572	49.7	100.0%	
Respondent not eliyible Initial hanyup Refusal by someone	4 3 4 6	3.7 4.0	7.5 8.0	
other than potential respondent	18	1.6	3.1	
Number of contacts of eligible respondents	465	40.4	81.3	100.0%
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews Completed interviews Regular completes	30 12 423 416	2.6 1.0 36.7 36.1	5.2 2.1 74.0 72.7	6.5 2.6 91.0 89.5
Converted completes	7	0.6	1.2	1.5

<sup>1)</sup> Estimate based on the ratio of blocks analyzed to available blocks and the number of names in the available blocks.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

## CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- MARINE CORPS MALE SAMPLE VATS 1983

	N	% OF NUMBERS DIALED	% OF CONTACTS	% OF POTENTIALLY ELIGIBLE CONTACTS
Blocks analyzed	257			• •
Potential respondents1) Potential respondents not looked up or not	5,964			
called	3,621			
Numbers with a specified disposition <sup>2</sup> )	2,343			
Numbers not listed	1,697			
Unique telephone numbers dialed	646	100.0%		
(Total dialings) Unusable numbers Moved No answer Uther (busy signal,	(1,368) 36 112 106	5.6 17.3 16.4	alls per numbe  	er)  
language barrier, etc.)	76	11.8		
Number of contacts	:316	48.9	100.0%	
Respondent not eligible Initial hangup Refusal by someone	28 37	4.3 5.7	8.9 11.7	
other than potential respondent	14	2.2	4.4	
Number of contacts of eligible respondents	237	36.7	75.0	100.0%
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews Completed interviews Regular completes Converted completes	17 6 214 210 4	2.6 0.9 33.1 32.5 0.6		7.2 2.5 90.3 88.6 1.7

<sup>1)</sup> Estimate based on the ratio of blocks analyzed to available blocks and the number of names in the available blocks.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

## CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- AIR FORCE MALE SAMPLE VATS 1983

	N	% OF NUMBERS DIALED	% OF	% OF OTENTIALLY ELIGIBLE CONTACTS
Blocks analyzed	404			
Potential respondents 1) Potential respondents	9,491			
not looked up or not called	5,559			
Numbers with a specified disposition <sup>2</sup> )	3,932			
Numbers not listed	2,774		<b></b> .	
Unique telephone numbers dialed	1,158	100.0%		
(Total dialings) Unusable numbers	(2,460) 79	6.8	alls per numbe 	r)
Moved No answer	174 198	15.0 17.1		
Other (busy signal, language barrier, etc.)	150	13.0		
Number of contacts	557	48.1	100.0%	
Respondent not eligible Initial hangup Refusal by someone	41 68	3.5 5.9	7.4 12.2	
other than potential respondent	25	2.2	4.5	
Number of contacts of eligible respondents	423	36.5	75.9	100.0%
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews Completed interviews	36 7 380	3.1 0.6 32.8	6.5 1.3 68.2	8.5 1.7 89.8
Regular completes Converted completes	376 4	32.5 0.3	67.5 0.7	88.9 0.9

<sup>1)</sup> Estimate based on the ratio of blocks analyzed to available blocks and the number of names in the available blocks.

<sup>2)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

## CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- FEMALE ARMY POPULATION VATS 1983

		% OF NUMBERS		% OF POTENTIALLY
	<u> </u>	DIALED	% OF CONTACTS	ELIGIBLE CONTACTS
Numbers looked up1)	3,785			
Numbers not listed or not called	2,516	66.52)		
Unique telephone numbers ${f dialed}^3$ )	1,269	100.0%		
(Total dialings) Unusable numbers	(2,761) 82	6.5	11s per number	er) 
Moved No answer Úther (busy signal,	203 72	16.0 5.7	'	
language barrier, etc.)	293	23.1		
Number of contacts	619	48.8	100.0%	
Respondent not eligible Initial hangup Refusal by someone other than potential	64 38	5.0	10.3	
respondent  Number of contacts of potentially eligible respondents	15 <b>502</b>	1.2 39.6	2.4 <b>81.1</b>	100.0%
Refusal by potential respondent Incompleted interviews Completed interviews Regular completes Converted completes	37 12 453 449 4	2.9 0.9 35.7 35.4 0.3	6.0 1.9 73.2 72.5 0.6	7.4 2.4 90.2 89.4 0.8

<sup>1)</sup> The disposition of 40 additional call records could not be determined because of misspecified service or sex codes on the original data tape or because of clerical problems.

<sup>2)</sup> Percentage of numbers looked up.

<sup>3)</sup> **Definition** of response categories are found in Appendix C.

## CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- FEMALE NAVY POPULATION VATS 1983

	<u> </u>	% OF NUMBERS DIALED	% OF CONTACTS	% OF POTENTIALLY ELIGIBLE CONTACTS
Numbers looked up1)	2,240		~-	
Numbers not listed or not called	1,383	61.72)	•-	
Unique telephone numbers dialed <sup>3</sup> )	857	100.0%		
(Total dialings)	(1,973)	(2.3 ca	lls per numbe	r)
Unusable numbers	55	6.4		
Moved	127	14.8	<b></b> .	
No answer	5 0	5.8	~ -	
Other (busy signal, languaye barrier, etc.)	203	23.7	••	
Number of contacts	422	49.2	100.0%	
Respondent not eligible	44	5.1	10.4	
Initial hangup	25	2.9	5.9	
Refusal by someone				
other than potential				
respondent	15	1.8	3.6	
Number of contacts of potentially eligible				
respondents	338	39.4	80.1	100.0%
Refusal by potential				
respondent	24	2.8	5.7	7.1
Incompleted interviews	6	0.7	1.4	1.8
Completed interviews	308	35.9	73.0	91.1
Regular completes	301	35.1	71.3	89.1
Converted completes	7	0.8	1.7	2.1

<sup>1)</sup> The disposition of 3 additional call records could not be determined because of misspecified service or sex codes on the original data tape or because of clerical problems.

<sup>2)</sup> Percentage of numbers looked up.

<sup>3)</sup> Definitions of response categories are found in Appendix C.

# CALL RECORD ANALYSIS -- FEMALE AIR FORCE POPULATION VATS 1983

	N	% OF NUMBERS DIALED	% OF CONTACTS	% OF POTENTIALLY ELIGIBLE CONTACTS
Numbers looked up1)	3,958		••	
Numbers not listed or not called	2,735	69.12)		
Unique telephone numbers dialed <sup>3</sup> )	1,223	100.0%		
(Total dialings)	(2,717)		lls per numb	er)
Unusable numbers	72	5.9		
Moved	182	14.9	*	
No answer	126	10.3		
Other (busy signal, language barrier, etc.)	205	16.8	* *	
Number of contacts	638	52.2	100.0%	
Respondent not eligible	33	2.7	5.2	
Initial nangup	34	2.8	5.3	
Refusal by someone				
other than potential				
respondent	20	1.6	3.1	
Number of contacts of potentially eligible	·			
respondents	551	45.1	86.4	100.0%
Refusal by potential				
respondent	37	3.0	5.8	6.7
Incompleted interviews	17	1.4	2.7	3.1
Completed interviews	497	40.6	77.9	90.2
Regular completes	487	39.8	76.3	88.4
Converted completes	10	0.8	1.6	1.8

<sup>1)</sup> The disposition of 44 additional call records could not be determined because of misspecified service or sex codes on the original data tape or because of clerical problems.

<sup>2)</sup> Percentage of numbers looked up.

<sup>3)</sup> Definition of response categories are found in Appendix C.

#### APPENDIX E

DEFINITION OF RESPONSE AND COMPLETION RATES

#### RESPONSE RATE DEFINED

The formula used to calculate the response rate is the same formula used to analyze the 1980, 1981 and 1982 call record data for the Reserve Component Attitude Study. The formula is:

Response Rate =

Number of Completed Interviews

Number of Eligible or Potentially Eligible Individuals Screened

This can be operationalized as:

$$RR = U$$

where.

U = number of completed interviews, and

V = number of incompleted interviews and refusals by potentially qualified respondents.

In addition to the number of completed and incompleted interviews, the denominator includes the number of <u>potentially</u> qualified individuals who refused to participate in the study. Although these individuals terminated the interview before it was determined whether they were fully qualified to participate in the study, they have been included as eligible respondents because they had entered the screening process. Their inclusion in the denominator produces a conservative estimate of the actual response rate.

#### COMPLETION RATE DEFINED

The formula employed for calculation of the completion rate is:

#### Number of Completed Interviews

Number of Eligible or Potentially Eligible Individuals in the Sample

This definition can be operationalized as:

$$CR = \frac{U}{11 + V + W + X}$$
, where

U = number of completed interviews

- V = number of incomplete interviews and refusals by qualified respondents (determined by the screening)
- W = estimate of the number of qualified respondents who were not contacted
- X = estimate of the number of qualified respondents who refused the screen

The estimate of W is defined as the number of non-contacts multiplied by the ratio of the number of eligible to the number of potential respondents for whom eligibility was determined.

The estimate X is defined as the number of potential respondents contacted but who refused to screen multiplied by the ratio of the number of eligibles to the number of potential respondents for whom eligibility was determined.

#### APPENDIX F

GROUPINGS OF VARIABLES USED IN THE
COMPUTATIONS FOR COMPARING THE
OBTAINED SAMPLES AND THE ORIGINAL SAMPLING FRAME

# GROUPINGS OF VARIABLES USED IN THE CHI SQUARE COMPUTATION FOR COMPARING THE OBTAINED SAMPLE AND THE ORIGINAL SAMPLING FRAME

	SAM	PLE
VARIABLE	MEN	WOMEN
Total Active Military service (in months)	24-47 48-59 60-71 72-83 84-95 96-107 108-119 120+	24-47 48-59 60-71 72-83 84-95 96+
Highest year of education		
Two years of high school or less Three or four years of high school with no diploma High school graduate or GEU One year of college Two years of college Three years of college or more  Pay grade	0-4 5 6 7 8 9-12 1-3 4 5 6-9	0-5 (omitted) 6 7 8 9-12 1-4 5 6-9
Race		
Caucasian Neyro Uther	1 2 3	1 2 & 3
Mental Category	2 <b>-</b> 4 5 6 7 8	NOT APPLICABLE
	-	(Cont'd)

# GROUPINGS OF VARIABLES USED IN THE CHI SQUARE COMPUTATION FOR COMPARING THE OBTAINED SAMPLE AND THE ORIGINAL SAMPLING FRAME (CONT'D)

	SAMPLE		
VARIABLE	MEN	WOMEN	
Age at separation 1) (years)	19-20	19-22	
(300.00)	21-22	23-24	
	23-24	25-26	
	<b>25 - 26</b>	27-28	
	2 <b>7 -</b> 28	29-30	
	29-30	31+	
	31+		
Separation date (quarters)	8004-8006	8004-8006	
	8007-8009	8007-8009	
	8010-8012	8010-8012	
	8101-8103	8101-8103	
	8104-8106	8104-8106	
	8107-8109	8107-8109	
	8110-8112	8110-8112	
	8201-8203	8201-8203	
	8204-8206	8204-8206	
	8207-8209	8207-8209	
•	8210-8212	8210-8212	
	8301-8303	8301-8303	
Time in pay yrade (in months)	1-6	1 - 6	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7-12	7-12	
	13-18	13-18	
	19-24	19-24	
	25-30	25 <b>-</b> 30	
	31-36	31-36	
	37-42	37-42	
	43-48	43-48	
	49-54	49+	
	55+		

Aye at separation was estimated for the obtained sample by adjusting the respondents' age when interviewed by the time since separation from the service.

# END

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